

**54<sup>th</sup> CONFERENCE OF  
DIRECTORS GENERAL OF CIVIL AVIATION  
ASIA AND PACIFIC REGIONS**

*Ulaanbaatar, Mongolia  
07 — 11 August 2017*

**AGENDA ITEM 3: AVIATION SAFETY AND  
AIR NAVIGATION**

**PROPOSED GLOBAL STRATEGY AND ACTION PLAN FOR THE  
IMPROVEMENT OF REGIONAL SAFETY OVERSIGHT  
ORGANIZATIONS (RSOOS) AND THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A  
GLOBAL SYSTEM FOR THE PROVISION OF SAFETY OVERSIGHT**

(Presented by the International Civil Aviation Organization)

**SUMMARY**

This paper presents the outcome of the Forum on Regional Safety Oversight Organisations (RSOOs) for Global Aviation Safety which was held from 22 to 24 March 2017 in Ezulwini, Swaziland. The Forum supported the proposed global strategy and action plan for the improvement of RSOOs and the establishment of a global system for the provision of safety oversight.

The Seventh Meeting of the Regional Aviation Safety Group – Asia and Pacific Regions (RASG-APAC/7), held in Bangkok, Thailand from 3 to 5 July 2017, fully supported the proposal and concluded that ICAO present the proposed global strategy and action plan to improve RSOOs and the establishment of a global system for the provision of safety oversight, including the study of a proposed Global Aviation Safety Oversight System (GASOS), to the next APAC DGCA Conference for consideration and support.

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|------------------------------|--|
| <i>Strategic Objectives:</i> | This paper relates to the Safety Strategic Objective.  |
| <i>References:</i>           | <p>Doc 9734, <i>Safety Oversight Manual, Part B — The Establishment and Management of a Regional Safety Oversight Organization</i></p> <p>Doc 10004, <i>Global Aviation Safety Plan 2017-2019</i></p> <p>Doc 10046, <i>Second High-level Safety Conference 2015 Report</i></p> <p>Doc 10075, <i>Assembly Resolutions in Force</i> (as of 6 October 2016) - Assembly Resolution A39-14: Regional cooperation and assistance to resolve safety deficiencies, establishing priorities and setting measurable targets</p> <p><i>Report on the Forum on RSOOs for Global Aviation Safety</i><br/> <a href="http://www2010.icao.int/ESAF/EASA-ICAO-RSOO-2017/Pages/RSOO-Report.aspx">http://www2010.icao.int/ESAF/EASA-ICAO-RSOO-2017/Pages/RSOO-Report.aspx</a></p> <p>C-WP/14632 Report on the Forum on Regional Safety Oversight Organizations (RSOOs) for Global Aviation Safety</p> |

**PROPOSED GLOBAL STRATEGY AND ACTION PLAN FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF  
REGIONAL SAFETY OVERSIGHT ORGANIZATIONS (RSOOS)  
AND THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A GLOBAL SYSTEM FOR THE PROVISION OF  
SAFETY OVERSIGHT**

## **1. INTRODUCTION**

1.1 The Forum on Regional Safety Oversight Organisations (RSOOs) for Global Aviation Safety, co-organized by ICAO and the European Aviation Safety Agency (EASA), was held from 22 to 24 March 2017 in Ezulwini, Swaziland. The Forum comprised two days of global discussions followed by one day dedicated to the Africa Region at the Ministerial level. The meeting was attended by 200 participants from 48 States and 32 international organizations, including Ministers responsible for civil aviation from 13 States in the AFI Region. The event report, programme, participants list, presentations and proposed Global Strategy and Action Plan, and Ministerial Declaration are available at <http://www2010.icao.int/ESAF/EASA-ICAO-RSOO-2017/Pages/default.aspx>.

## **2. BACKGROUND**

2.1 The event supported the proposal for the evaluation and development of a new Global Aviation Safety Oversight System (GASOS), while making significant progress on key objectives to improve the cooperation and efficiency of RSOOs, both globally and in ICAO's Africa and Indian Ocean (AFI) Region. RSOOs are an integral component of global aviation safety, and provide a very effective mechanism for regional groups of States to pool their resources and benefit from economies of scale to resolve their safety oversight deficiencies.

2.2 The primary objective of the GASOS proposal is the implementation of an enhanced safety oversight model that resolves the challenges faced by current regional- and national-based models, caters for future challenges posed by a rapidly expanding air transport industry and offers practical and affordable options in the area of safety oversight. Under the GASOS proposal, an ICAO-recognized safety oversight provider will be any international, regional or sub-regional aviation safety oversight body that carries out tasks and functions on behalf of a State or group of States. Suitably empowered and strengthened RSOOs and other State safety oversight providers will constitute the building blocks of a global aviation safety oversight system.

2.3 All ICAO-recognized safety oversight providers will have to demonstrate competence in the tasks and functions that they provide in order to qualify for ICAO recognition, and ICAO will maintain an inventory of competent safety oversight providers and the tasks and functions that they provide. An ICAO-recognized safety oversight provider could include the civil aviation authority of a State that provides assistance to another State, or an RSOO that carries out safety oversight tasks and functions. The proposed global strategy and action plan for the improvement of RSOOs and the establishment of a global system for the provision of safety oversight is included in **Appendix A**.

2.4 A Ministerial event held in conjunction with the Forum also led to the signing of a formal Declaration on how African States will work to refine their collaborative efforts and improve aviation safety oversight continent wide. The regional Forum was informed with presentations on the AFI Plan, outcomes of the Global Forum, and a proposed roadmap for supporting and strengthening RSOOs in the AFI Region. The Ministers then reviewed and adopted the proposed Ministerial Declaration, including the development of a strategic plan for supporting and strengthening RSOOs in the AFI Region and an action plan suggesting to implement the above-mentioned Declaration through the AFI Plan in collaboration with AFCAC and partners. The regional Ministerial Declaration endorsed the proposed GASOS as it related to an action plan to improve the effectiveness and sustainability of RSOOs, and a new cooperative platform for RSOOs to facilitate the agreed evolution in regional collaboration. The Ezulwini Ministerial Declaration on Regional Safety Oversight Organizations in Africa is included in **Appendix B**.

### 3. DISCUSSION

3.1 The RSOO Forum represented a major milestone in the evolution of regional safety oversight organizations for civil aviation safety. The proposed development of GASOS will provide the required ICAO framework for RSOOs to be recognized to provide States effective support for safety oversight. The participation of government Ministers helped to ensure the shared objectives and commitments for collaborative AFI Region safety oversight being formalized through the Declaration. The Forum suggested that ICAO consider leading the implementation of the action plan supporting the new global strategy.

3.2 The ICAO Council, during the 211th session, fifth meeting, held on 12 June 2017, considered information paper C-WP/14632, which presented the report on the Forum on Regional Safety Oversight Organizations (RSOOs) for Global Aviation Safety, held in March 2017 in Swaziland. The Council supported the proposed global strategy and action plan for the improvement of RSOOs and the establishment of a global system for the provision of safety oversight, and in particular the study of the proposed new Global Aviation Safety Oversight System (GASOS).

3.3 The implementation of the action plan has commenced with the establishment of the GASOS Study Group (GASOS-SG) which held its first and second teleconferences in June and July, and will hold its first meeting in September 2017. The GASOS-SG will support the completion of a GASOS feasibility study with the objective to confirm that GASOS is possible, beneficial and worthwhile. The result of the study will be presented during the Safety and Air Navigation Implementation Symposium to be held in December 2017. If the feasibility of GASOS is confirmed, and supported by the SANIS, the planning and development for the establishment of GASOS will commence with a view to presenting the proposed implementation to the 13<sup>th</sup> Air Navigation Conference to be held in October 2018. If GASOS is recommended for implementation by the AN-Conf/13, it will be presented for endorsement to the 40th Session of the ICAO Assembly to be held in October 2019. The ICAO Council and its Air Navigation Commission will review the progress and approve the proposals as part of this process.

### 4. ACTION BY THE CONFERENCE

4.1 The Conference is invited to:

- a) note the contents of this paper; and
- b) adopt the following Draft Conclusion:

#### **DRAFT Conclusion - Regional Safety Oversight Organizations (RSOOs)**

That States support the proposed global strategy and action plan to improve RSOOs and the establishment of a global system for the provision of safety oversight, including the study of a proposed Global Aviation Safety Oversight System (GASOS).

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## APPENDIX A

### PROPOSED GLOBAL STRATEGY AND ACTION PLAN FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF REGIONAL SAFETY OVERSIGHT ORGANIZATIONS (RSOOS) AND THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A GLOBAL SYSTEM FOR THE PROVISION OF SAFETY OVERSIGHT

#### 1. CONTEXT

1.1 The participants at the Global Forum on Regional Safety Oversight Organizations (RSOOs) for Global Aviation Safety, held in Swaziland from 22 to 24 March 2017, supported a proposed global strategy and action plan for the improvement of RSOOs and the establishment of a global system for the provision of safety oversight.

1.2 In doing so, the Forum took note of the outcomes and recommendations of previous ICAO meetings on RSOOs, including the Symposium on RSOOs, held in 2011, and the Second High-level Safety Conference, held in 2015. The Forum also noted Resolution A39-14, adopted by the ICAO Assembly in 2016.

1.3 Assembly Resolution A39-14, in particular, encourages ICAO Member States to foster the creation of regional or sub-regional partnerships to collaborate on the development of solutions to common problems to build State safety oversight capability, and to participate in, or provide tangible support for, the strengthening and furtherance of sub-regional and regional aviation safety, and safety oversight bodies, including RSOOs.

1.4 The Forum acknowledged that over the last decade, the number and importance of RSOOs have been expanding. Presently, there are seventeen RSOOs, ranging from relatively informal safety oversight bodies that offer advisory services to their Member States to more formally institutionalized organizations that carry out safety oversight tasks and functions through formal delegation by their States.

1.5 The proposed strategy and action plan for the improvement of RSOOs, and the establishment of a global system for the provision of safety oversight was supported by the discussions at the Forum on potential solutions to many of the challenges faced by RSOOs, foremost of which is the need to ensure their sustainable funding and adequate empowerment, with respect to the tasks and functions they carry out for their members. The strategy and action plan seek to put in place solutions that will enhance the effectiveness of the existing RSOOs, as well as to better align them with the global and regional programmes of ICAO.

1.6 At the same time, there is a need for safety oversight to meet the challenges posed by growing air traffic, which is expected to double over the next fifteen years, and changing aircraft ownership, registration and user business models. To this end, the Forum reached agreement on the need to go beyond the current prevailing concept of national- and regional-based safety oversight systems to a globally based system that would be composed of a range of safety oversight providers, including the RSOOs. RSOOs will be recognized as an integral part of a global aviation safety oversight system led by ICAO, within the framework of the Global Aviation Safety Plan (GASP), and maintaining the States' obligation and responsibility for safety oversight under the *Convention on International Civil Aviation*.

1.7 Improving the performance of RSOOs also entails strengthening cooperation and information sharing between RSOOs, and establishing a cooperative platform for this purpose.

## 2. STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES

2.1 The proposed strategy supported by the Forum consists of the following three objectives:

- a) to improve and strengthen the RSOOs' capacity to carry out safety oversight tasks and functions on behalf of their Member States and to actively contribute to ICAO's global and regional programmes and activities;
- b) to implement a global system for the provision of safety oversight that improves the efficiencies of current safety oversight programmes and enables the continuous monitoring of a State's safety oversight in a more effective and coordinated manner; and
- c) to establish an RSOO cooperative platform aimed at bringing RSOOs together to exchange best practices, share and collaborate on the development of manuals and checklists, cooperate on providing technical assistance and assist ICAO in related provisions development and global programme implementation.

## 3. IMPROVEMENT AND STRENGTHENING OF RSOOs

3.1 An evaluation of RSOOs in general will be conducted in order to update information on major challenges faced in relation to their improvement. In addition, and upon request, a more in-depth gap analysis can be conducted on an individual RSOO in order to determine the actions that need to be taken for strengthening it. For the purpose of carrying out both the evaluation and the gap analysis, the following five criteria have been defined:

- a) **Relevance:** This will assess the RSOO's mission, goals, programmes and activities, and their alignment with those of its Member States or donors as well as ICAO. Is the RSOO meeting the expectations and needs of its Member States and stakeholders, and is it well integrated into the strategic plans and programmes of its Member States?
- b) **Effectiveness:** This will assess the extent to which an RSOO is able to meet its goals and objectives. Is the RSOO sufficiently empowered to carry out its mission? Has it been given international legal personality that enables it to establish agreements and working arrangements with other international organizations (including ICAO) and third-party States? Have formal delegations of authority been established that will enable the RSOO to carry out safety oversight duties and functions on behalf of its Member States? Have common standards and practices been established in the region? Is the RSOO sufficiently resourced to enable it to meet its programmed activities?
- c) **Efficiency:** This will assess the use of human and financial resources, and make a comparison of the RSOO's outputs and the costs incurred. Unnecessary overlap and duplication of programmes and activities between the RSOO and its member States, ICAO and other international organizations are to be avoided.
- d) **Sustainability:** This will assess the long-term viability of the RSOO, particularly in respect to legal authority, human resources and financial viability and sustainability. How effective is the management of the RSOO in terms of the organization's strategic development and quality assurance? Has a mechanism been established for the sustainable funding of the RSOO?

- e) **Adaptability:** This will assess the ability of the RSOO to adapt to an evolving environment, brought about by a rapidly expanding aviation industry, changing technologies, scope and processes.

3.2 All gap analyses of individual RSOOs will be conducted on a cost recovery basis.

3.3 Integral to the strengthening and improvement of RSOOs will be the establishment of an RSOO cooperative platform. The RSOO platform will interface with ICAO, facilitate the supply of technical assistance and support to RSOOs and provide RSOOs with a common pool of experts. In general, it will greatly enhance cooperation between RSOOs by enabling the exchange of information and sharing of best practices. Any RSOO recognized by ICAO or having a clear roadmap towards ICAO evaluation may become part of the cooperative platform.

#### **4. DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF AN ICAO GLOBAL AVIATION SAFETY OVERSIGHT SYSTEM (GASOS)**

4.1 The primary objective of the global aviation safety oversight system is the implementation of an enhanced safety oversight model that resolves the challenges faced by current regional- and national-based models, caters for future challenges posed by a rapidly expanding air transport industry and offers practical and affordable options in the area of safety oversight.

4.2 Under the global aviation safety oversight system, an ICAO recognized safety oversight provider will be any international, regional or sub-regional aviation safety oversight body that carries out tasks and functions on behalf of a State or group of States. Suitably empowered and strengthened RSOOs and other State safety oversight providers will constitute the building blocks of a global safety oversight system.

4.3 On a voluntary basis, safety oversight providers may request recognition from ICAO in respect to competencies to carry out the specific tasks and functions. Each task and function will be mapped to a USOAP CMA protocol question (PQ) or set of PQs. A safety oversight provider may receive several levels of recognition for various tasks and functions.

4.4 The following three levels are defined, based on the complexity of tasks and functions performed:

- **Level 1** – advisory and coordinating tasks and functions
- **Level 2** – operational assistance tasks and functions
- **Level 3** – certifying agency tasks and functions

4.5 For Level 1 and 2 tasks and functions, ICAO recognition will be based on an initial assessment to evaluate the capabilities of the provider.

4.6 For a provider to receive ICAO recognition for Level 3 tasks and functions, it will have to first undergo an activity under the ICAO USOAP CMA.

4.7 ICAO recognition will be renewed at a determined frequency, on the basis of a re-assessment for Levels 1 and 2, and will depend on USOAP CMA results for Level 3.

4.8 All ICAO recognized safety oversight providers will have to demonstrate competence in the tasks and functions that they provide, in order to qualify for ICAO recognition, and ICAO will maintain an inventory of competent safety oversight providers and the tasks and functions that they

provide. An ICAO recognized safety oversight provider could include the civil aviation authority of a State that provides assistance to another State, or an RSOO that carries out safety oversight tasks and functions.

## 5. RSOO COOPERATIVE PLATFORM

5.1 A Platform will be established to facilitate greater cooperation between RSOOs. The detailed objectives of this Platform are to:

- a) facilitate inter-RSOO communication;
- b) become an information hub and facilitate the exchange of information and sharing of best practices, including the establishment of common or harmonized definitions, standards and specifications relevant to RSOOs;
- c) facilitate the exchange of data and common data analysis;
- d) facilitate the supply of technical assistance and support to RSOO;
- e) interface with ICAO on topics of mutual interest for RSOO;
- f) receive tasks from ICAO that concern development of the RSOO community;
- g) provide an RSOO pool of experts; and
- h) nurture the continued stability and progression of RSOO.

5.2 Any RSOO may become part of the cooperative platform. Consideration shall be given to supporting other regional mechanisms in development towards becoming an RSOO.

5.3 The interim Platform should progressively and initially:

- a) develop terms of reference describing its tasks and governance scheme;
- b) organize regular meetings among and between RSOOs, adjacent to other relevant forums; and
- c) develop a web-based application and other tools to support this.

It should also study the outcomes of the 2017 RSOO Forum to determine, in coordination with ICAO, where it could provide support in the follow up of the actions in strengthening RSOOs. The nature of tasks should be expanded progressively; overlaps with existing ICAO, regional or State activities is to be avoided.

5.4 The resources necessary should be supported by contributions by the RSOOs or their member States as well as ICAO Voluntary Funds. Additional forms of funding should be further explored.

5.5 The Platform's secretariat, as addressed by the terms of reference, should regularly report to its members as well as the ICAO Secretariat and may be reported on to the ICAO governing bodies through existing reporting mechanisms regarding its activities and the actions undertaken. The Platform will not replace the representation of the RSOO member States to ICAO. It will cooperate closely with the State representatives to ICAO in order to coordinate positions.

**PROPOSED ACTION PLAN FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF REGIONAL SAFETY  
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| No. | Objective   | Activity   | Proposed Implementing Entity | Supporting Entities                      | Deadline               |
|-----|---|--|------------------------------|--|------------------------|
| 1   | Improvement and strengthening of RSOOs                                  | 1. Develop a classification of RSOOs based on levels of empowerment of tasks and functions   | ICAO                         | RSOOs                                    | April 2017             |
|     |   | 2. Complete a gap analysis and evaluation of existing RSOOs, including the further specification of performance criteria, development of questionnaires and tools for the collection and analysis of information, and reporting results. | ICAO                         | RSOOs                                    | June 2017              |
|     |   | 3. Revise Doc. 9734, <i>Safety Oversight Manual, Part B – The Establishment and Management of a Regional Safety Oversight Organization</i>   |                              |  | July 2017              |
|     |   | 4. Conduct gap analysis and evaluation of individual RSOOs, including surveys and the collection and analysis of information and data, on request and cost recovery basis.   | ICAO                         | RSOOs                                    | From July 2017 onwards |
|     |   | 5. Implement RSOO corrective actions on a case-by-case basis   | RSOOs                        | ICAO/EASA/Donor States, funding agencies | Ongoing                |
| 2   | Develop and implement an RSOO cooperative platform                      | 1. Launch concept of the RSOO cooperative platform   | TBD, RSOOs                   | ICAO, RSOOs                              | March 2017             |
|     |   | 2. Draft ToR, identify suitable actions and hold first meeting   | RSOOs                        | RSOO Platform                            | September 2017         |
|     |   | 3. Endorse the ToRs  | SANIS                        | ICAO                                     | December 2017          |
|     |   | 4. Establish Cooperative Platform  | RSOOs                        | ICAO, Donor RSOOs                        | December 2017          |
|     |   | 5. Hold second meeting   | RSOOs                        | RSOO Platform                            | April 2018             |
| 3   | Develop and implement a global aviation safety oversight system (GASOS) | 1. Establish a working group of stakeholder experts  | ICAO                         | Stakeholders                             | May 2017               |



| No. | Objective | Activity   | Proposed Implementing Entity | Supporting Entities | Deadline      |
|-----|-----------|--|------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|
|     |           | 2. Complete a feasibility study on the development and implementation of a global aviation safety oversight system   | ICAO                         | Stakeholders        | October 2017  |
|     |           | 3. Present the global aviation safety oversight system to SANIS  | ICAO                         |                     | December 2017 |
|     |           | 4. Develop the global aviation safety oversight system   |                              |                     | 2018 - 2019   |
|     |           | 5. Recommendation to AN-Conf/13  | ICAO                         |                     | October 2018  |
|     |           | 6. Endorsement of the global aviation safety oversight system by the Assembly  | ICAO                         |                     | October 2019  |
|     |           | 7. Taking account of the information and data collected from RSOOs, review and, as required, amend ICAO provisions, programmes (e.g. the USOAP) and existing guidance material (e.g. Doc. 9734, Part B). | ICAO                         | RSOO Platform       | November 2020 |
|     |           | 8. Assess and/or audit RSOOs in respect to tasks and functions and related levels of empowerment.  | ICAO                         | RSOOs               | December 2020 |

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## APPENDIX B

### EZULWINI DECLARATION ON REGIONAL SAFETY OVERSIGHT ORGANIZATIONS IN AFRICA

Ezulwini, Kingdom of Swaziland, 24<sup>th</sup> March 2017

We African Ministers responsible for Civil Aviation, meeting in Ezulwini, Kingdom of Swaziland on 24 March 2017, on the occasion of the Forum on Regional Safety Oversight Organizations (RSOOs) for Global Aviation Safety organized by the European Aviation Safety Agency (EASA) and the Kingdom of Swaziland in collaboration with the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO);

**Mindful of** the Convention on International Civil Aviation signed in Chicago on 7 December 1944 (Chicago Convention);

**Mindful of** ICAO Assembly Resolutions A39-12 and A39-14 that, in particular, encourage Member States to develop sustainable solutions and to foster the creation of regional or sub-regional partnerships to address their common problems related to safety oversight capabilities, and of the expected benefits associated with RSOOs;

**Mindful of** the Treaty Establishing the African Economic Community signed in Abuja, Nigeria, in June 1991;

**Mindful of** the existing Regional Economic Communities (RECs) established in the Continent;

**Mindful of** the strong links between the Strategic Objectives of ICAO and the United Nations 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, especially in recognition that safe and secure aviation and global connectivity contribute significantly to socio-economic development;

**Mindful of** the African Civil Aviation Policy (AFCAP) adopted by the Second Conference of the AU Ministers of Transport, in Luanda, Angola on 25 November 2011 and the strategies and commitments developed in the Declaration, subsequently endorsed by the Assembly of Heads of State and Government of the AU, in Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, on 27 January 2012;

**Mindful of** the Abuja Declaration on Civil Aviation Safety in Africa of 20 July 2012, affirming States' commitment to enhance aviation safety in Africa, and its endorsement by the Assembly of Heads of State and Government of African Union (AU) in Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, in January 2013;

**Mindful of** the role of the New Partnership for Africa's Development (NEPAD) as a framework for the development of Africa;

**Mindful of** the various programmes, objectives and targets currently being pursued under ICAO's No Country Left Behind (NCLB) initiative, launched in December 2014;

**Considering** the importance of regional cooperation to improve aviation safety oversight in air transport industry development world-wide, and its impact on national economic development particularly in Africa;

**Considering** the compelling need to continuously improve aviation safety in Africa and the need to urgently find immediate and sustainable resolution to deficiencies in aviation safety oversight;

**Commending** ICAO for its continued technical assistance to Africa, including the Comprehensive Regional Implementation Plan for Aviation Safety in Africa (AFI Plan) and the Regional Aviation Safety Group for Africa-Indian Ocean (RASG-AFI) supported by AFCAC in the efforts to implement programmes and projects towards enhancing safety; and

**Having considered** the Global Strategy and Action Plan for the Improvement of RSOOs and the establishment of a global aviation safety oversight system adopted by the Forum on RSOOs for Global Aviation Safety held in Ezulwini, Swaziland, from 22 to 23 March 2017.

**Concerned by:**

1. The slow progress in the implementation of the critical elements of States' safety oversight systems and ICAO Standards and Recommended Practices (SARPs) related to safety, across the continent;
2. Insufficient number of qualified and competent technical personnel for ensuring aviation safety oversight in Africa;
3. Inadequacy of financial resources to ensure effective functioning of RSOOs to support States' capability to improve aviation safety and meet their oversight obligations;
4. Duplication of membership of RSOOs across the continent and the lack of delegation of functions to RSOOs by member or partner States as appropriate;
5. Inadequate organizational safety culture;
6. Challenges in harmonization of policies, regulations, procedures and practices and weak mechanisms of sharing information and resources; and
7. Insufficient guidance and harmonised training mechanisms for implementation of the safety related provisions of ICAO Annexes.

**Recalling:**

1. The importance of air transport in economic development across the continent;
2. The role of the ICAO and AFCAC as specialized agencies in fostering the development of international civil aviation and the Memorandums of Cooperation (MOCs) between the AU Commission, AFCAC and ICAO; and

3. The critical roles of the RECs, RSOOs and Cooperative development of Operational Safety and Continuing Airworthiness Programmes (COSCAPs) in the implementation of regional aviation safety and continuous monitoring programmes.

**Reaffirming:**

The urgent need to implement national, regional and continent-wide strategies on aviation safety in Africa with a view to promoting air transport as a means for the enhancement of Africa's development and integration.

**Welcoming:**

1. The encouraging progress achieved by some States in the implementation of the critical elements of their safety oversight systems and ICAO SARPs related to safety;
2. The various initiatives undertaken by sector organizations in the continent by RECs and development partners; and
3. Establishment and operationalization of COSCAPs, RSOOs and Regional Accident and Incident Investigation Organizations (RAIOs).

**Undertake to:**

1. Meet our States' obligations under the Chicago Convention, including effective safety oversight;
2. Ensure the implementation of the policy objectives, commitments, regulations and strategies on aviation safety as adopted in the AFCAP;
3. Support the effective implementation of the ICAO Global Aviation Safety Plan (GASP), States safety oversight systems, the AFI Plan and AFI-Cooperative Inspectorate Scheme (CIS);
4. Ensure that aviation safety is given its due consideration in States' National Development Plans
5. Strengthen and maintain RSOOs to effectively perform their functions, including those delegated by States; and
6. Support the provision of sustainable sources of funding and resources for RSOOs to carry out effective safety oversight of civil aviation.

**Decide to:**

1. Ensure political and technical commitment at the national, regional and continental level for the optimization of RSOOs in Africa;
2. Accelerate the establishment and strengthening of RSOOs that can effectively support regulatory oversight for aviation safety;
3. Ensure the strengthening of RSOOs' relationships with, and empowerment within,

their Member States;

4. Ensure the strengthening of the relationship of RSOOs with ICAO and coordination of activities related specifically to the delegation of functions to RSOOs by Member States;
5. Ensure the utilization of RSOOs for timely resolution of all Significant Safety Concerns (SSCs) and deficiencies identified through the ICAO Universal Aviation Safety Oversight Audit Programme – Continuous Monitoring Approach (USOAP-CMA); and ensure the progressive increase in the Effective Implementation (EI) rate of the Critical Elements of States' Aviation Safety Oversight systems;
6. Increase the effectiveness of RSOOs through optimization of their relationship and collaboration with partners and donors;
7. Ensure the availability and retention of sufficient and competent/skilled aviation safety professionals by RSOOs; and
8. Endorse the implementation of the global strategy and action plan to improve RSOOs and the establishment of a global aviation safety oversight system.

**Make a Solemn Appeal** to ICAO, Financial Institutions, and all development and industry partners and organizations, to support aviation safety in Africa;

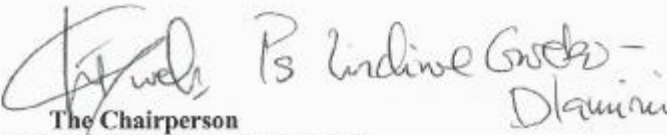
**Urge** States to implement, the Abuja Declaration on aviation Safety in Africa and its associated targets as may be amended, in particular provisions relating to the optimization of RSOOs, including funding and delegation of functions to these organizations as appropriate.

**Urge** RSOOs to actively participate in ICAO and AFCAC activities that promote safety.

**Consent** to the development of a Strategic Plan for Supporting and Strengthening RSOOs in the AFI Region and an action Plan to implement this Declaration; and

**Request** ICAO through the AFI Plan and in collaboration with AFCAC and partners, to coordinate the funding of development and implementation of the Strategic Plan.

**Done and adopted** at Ezulwini, Kingdom of Swaziland, on this 24<sup>th</sup> day of March 2017.

  
The Chairperson  
Minister of Public Works and Transport,  
Kingdom of Swaziland

— END —